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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/839,495	04/23/2001	Kiyoshi Matsutani	Q63352	2595
65565 SUGHRUE-265	7590 09/01/200 5 <b>550</b>	9	EXAMINER	
2100 PENNSY	LVANIA AVE. NW	BORLINGHAUS, JASON M		
WASHINGTON, DC 20037-3213			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3693	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/01/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
09/839,495	MATSUTANI, KIYOSHI		
Examiner	Art Unit		
JASON M. BORLINGHAUS	3693		

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The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED <u>28 July 2009</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS APF	LICATION IN CONDITION FOR AL	LOWANCE.	
<ol> <li>The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or or application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of App for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 of periods:</li> </ol>	n the same day as filing a Notice of a replies: (1) an amendment, affidavi eal (with appeal fee) in compliance	Appeal. To avoid abar t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expires 6 months from the mailing date	e of the final rejection.		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this a no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07	later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	g date of the final rejectio	n.
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extender 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office late may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.1 stension and the corresponding amount of shortened statutory period for reply origing than three months after the mailing dat	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Offic	te extension fee e action; or (2) as
<ol> <li>The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in complising the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed value.</li> </ol>	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
AMENDMENTS			
3. ☐ The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, <ul> <li>(a) ☐ They raise new issues that would require further co</li> <li>(b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below)</li> <li>(c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in be</li> </ul>	onsideration and/or search (see NOTow);	ΓE below);	
appeal; and/or			
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a))		ected claims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1		maliant Amandmant (I	OTOL 224)
<ul><li>5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)</li></ul>		mpilant Amendment (r	-10L-324).
<ol> <li>Applicants reply has overcome the following rejection(s)</li> <li>Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a non-allowable claim(s).</li> </ol>		timely filed amendmer	t canceling the
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 1-15. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:		l be entered and an ex	xplanation of
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
8.  The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good an was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).			
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessar	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appea y and was not earlier presented. Se	al and/or appellant fails see 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1)	s to provide a
10.	on of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attache	ed.
11. ☑ The request for reconsideration has been considered bu <u>See Continuation Sheet.</u>	ut does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:
<ul><li>12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i>(s).</li><li>13. ☐ Other:</li></ul>	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
	/Jason M Borlinghaus/ Examiner, Art Unit 3693		

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant argues that the asserted prior art (Mockett and Gopinathan) fail to disclose or suggest an "apparatus" and all its attendant limitations. Applicant puts special emphasis on the term "apparatus" but Examiner is uncertain as to its significance, as the prior art discloses systems composed of physical devices (apparatuses) and suggests apparatus embodiments to perform the disclosed methods.

Applicant argues that the cited prior art fail to disclose "an apparatus" that performs the claimed functions. Examiner has repeatedly mapped portions of the cited prior art to the claim limitations and has gone to great lengths to respond to the Applicant's previous arguments. Does Applicant believe that the claimed subcomponent units (e.g. communication unit, processing unit, output unit) and the functions claimed are not present in the art? Or, based upon the wording of the Applicant's arguments, is the Applicant arguing that although the subcomponent units and functions are present in the prior art, that they are being disclosed as a system or a method, rather than an "apparatus"?

Based upon the length at which the examiner and Applicant have discussed this issue, Examiner is forced to conclude that Applicant is arguing the second issue - that the disclosed subcomponents and functions are not disclosed as being part of "an apparatus" specificially. Examiner refutes that as as the prior art discloses systems composed of physical devices (apparatuses) and suggests apparatus embodiments to perform the disclosed methods. And even if such an assertion was true, it would have certainly been obvious to embody a system or method via an apparatus.

Applicant specifically argues that the prior art (Gopinathan) does not teach or suggest "communicating with both the server of a credit card firm and a server owend by a settling financial instituition". However the secondary reference (Mockett) does disclose this feature as Mockett discloses communicating with a credi card server and a settling financial institution (automated clearing house or merchant bank). (see fig. 1; para. 17).

Applicant asserts that 'Examiner does not distinguish among credit cards, bank ATM cards and the telephone calling cards." Examiner asserts that the primary reference (Gopinathan) while discussing other types of payment cards, such as bank ATM cards and telephone calling cards, does disclose that the "technquies and principles discussed herein apply to other types of customer accounts, such as charge cards, bank automated teller machine cards and telephone calling cards." (see col. 1, lines 21 - 26). The secondary reference (Mockett) is directed toward credit cards. (see abstract). While the references disclose and discuss other payment cards, such does not disqualify them or make them any less applicable as prior art pertaining to the claimed invention.

Applicant recounts portions of the specification to illustrate the differences between the Applicant's invention and the prior art. However, although the argued elements may be found as examples and/or embodiments in the specification, they were not claimed explicitly in the disputed claim(s). Nor was the terminology used in the disputed claim(s) defined in the specification to require these limitations. A reading of the specification provides no evidence to indicate that these limitations must be imported into the claims to give meaning to disputed terms. Therefore, although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. In re Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181(Fed. Cir. 1993) and MPEP §2111.01.

Applicant argues that the prior art does not disclose "taste information extracting means for extracting taste information of a user based upon shop use historical information, facilities use historical information or shopping historical information, which are contained in the credit card charge historical information." Gopinthan discloses the storage of shopping historical information (transactional patterns for the customer). Such information can consist of numerous variables, such as merchant category code or merchant ZIP code. Such information is taste information as it denotes the user's preferences and patterns. Such taste information is extracted or retreived from a database by an information extraction means. (see col. 26, line 64 - col. 27, line 15; col. 27, line 64 - col. 24).